

Zone 1

Room 304 (Mrs. Conley's)

On the wall of famous Catholic scientists, two of the most famous would be:

1. An Augustinian monk who is known as the Father of Modern Genetics:

(He is about 2/3 down the wall looking from left to right)

2. A Franciscan Friar who was known for studying nature through empirical methods:

(He is between the two towel holders when you are facing the wall to the left)

3. The latter man basically popularized the scientific method. He was known as "Doctor Mirabilis". What does that translate to from Latin?

Doctor _____

4. There is also a priest on the timeline by the whiteboard.

He is known as the Father of the _____ theory.

5. What is his name?

(His theory has to do with the creation of the universe)

Bonus Little Kid Question

6. What does the new painting hung up on the whiteboard depict?

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

5. Why does the Church honor saints (declare saint's day feasts and solemnities) on the date of the saint's death?

Zone 2

Library

1. Who is the statue in the southeast corner and what did Father Johnson say she was known for?

(We just celebrated her feast day on January 4th)

Just Outside of Library

2. What devotion does the picture outside the library (across from the copy machine on the north wall) depict?

3. Who does the picture of the saint with Jesus and angels, and a lot of roses depict?

Bonus Little Kid Question

4. Who is the sculpture of at the window on the stairs between the second and third floor?

(It was just donated and is of a girl soldier from France who led the French in battle and then was later burned at the stake)

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

5. The title Vicar of Christ refers to

Zone 3

3rd Floor Hallway/Mr Panka's Room

1. What does the 2010 student mural at the south end landing depict (formal name please):

2. In Mr. Panka's room, there are two statues that can be identified by several characteristics:

The first one of the apostle and saint (to the left when facing the window), depicts the apostle saint who is the patron of hope and impossible causes—and he is regularly portrayed as holding a plaque with an image of Jesus on it because this saint is said to have received this image from Jesus who wanted to cure a King from leprosy because he (Jesus) was impressed by his faith.

The second one is of a married saint born in the 14th century whose husband was cruel to her and she was said to have a stigmata of sorts, that being the wounds from a crown of thorns. That is why she has a crown of thorns on her head. It is of roses because near her death she was said to ask for roses and they found them outside of her convent (after her husband's death) in the winter.

Bonus Little Kid Question

3. Which country does that yellow flag represent?

(It is the smallest country in the world)

4. In the south end of the hall there is a quote for the unborn children, what chapter and verse of the Book Isaiah does that quote come from?

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

5. Who are the first people recorded in the Bible to have made an offering to God?

(One was taken to be good by God and the other not good)

Zone 4

Kattar Hall

1. In what year did Al Kattar die?

2. What role did Al Kattar perform for Holy Family which endeared him to the parish so much so that they named a hall in honor of him?

3. Which saint is quoted as saying "I am asked for very little compared to how much I am being given"?

4. Which priestly order and lay movement did he start?

Bonus Little Kid Question

5. In the mural created by the class of 2016 there are two biblical scenes on either end of the painting: one with a baby and sword and one with a scissor. Which two biblical scenes do these portray?

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

6. Who called for the 2nd Vatican Council (which Pope)?

Zone 5

Room 201 (Mrs. Evander) and outside of Mrs. Evander's room/Mrs. Christopherson's room/South end of hallway (by Mr. Zink)

1. What do you think the closet with the stained glass window indicates that the first grade room was initially used for?

(The four Servite Sisters from Ladysmith, Wisconsin who first ran Holy Family School used the 2nd and 3rd floor as a convent when Kattar Hall was the Church because the Church was not yet built and the 3rd floor was the sisters' living quarters from 1951 to approximately 1960. The inset in the wall by that closet also should tell you something)

2. There is a picture outside of Mrs. Evander's room by the water fountain (the one to the very left) of the two hands, whose two hands are they?

3. In Mrs. Christopherson's room, who is the saint with a whole area dedicated to her (on the file cabinet in the corner)?

4. Which of the Pope's depicted in the south end landing wrote the encyclical Rerum Novarum (a beautiful document that deals with the rights of workers).

Bonus Little Kid Question

5. What does the new painting on Mrs. Evander's whiteboard represent (look carefully)

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

6. Which Roman emperor officially recognized Christianity as a legal religion?

Zone 6

School Office and just outside it

1. What is the statue in the school office of Mary depicting Mary as?

Somewhere in the first part of the building (including stairwells—1st one)

2. There is a new painting (a replica of a famous image--that was just put up after Dec. 12th-hint, hint) in the building that is rather large and very prevalent in Churches that minister to Hispanic people. What is that painting and where is it?

Bonus Little Kid Question

3. What saint is the statue on the book shelf in the office a depiction of (there is an anchor on it)?

4. What wood is the Holy Family statue made out of? (2nd floor just after the double doors:

(It was purchased by a group of pilgrims that Father Johnson took to the Holy Land last year; it is a tree common to that area. It was made in Bethlehem)

Extra Credit (tie breakers):

5. Who founded the religious order known as the preaching Friars?

Zone 7

Outside of the School

1. What design is on the two slanted peaks on the east and west side of the building?

(There are three of them, two the same)

Outside Orientation of the Church Building

2. What direction is the altar facing in the Church? You'll often find that Churches in Europe face in this direction.

Bonus Little Kid Question

3. What year (on the cornerstone of the School Building) was the school built in?

4. What year was the Church built? (also on the cornerstone)

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

5. What were early Christian cemeteries called?

Zone 8

Church Basement

1. In what years was Father Moorman here?

2. Who was Father Moorman?

3. Who was Father Wilkins? What room is named after him—describe its location?

4. Who is depicted in the statue (next to Sacred Heart of Jesus statue) in the middle of the east wall near Mr. Trever Bergman's office?

(It is an Our Lady of what?)

Bonus Little Kid Question

5. What does the picture (tapestry) show that is between Deacon Jim's and Sharon Pero's offices.

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

6. What is another name for the Divine Office that priest pray daily?

Zone 9

Front of Church/General Church Questions/all throughout the Church and entry ways

1. The architectural design of the Church is an English example of what form of architecture (hint: it is a style that followed baroque in the 17th century and is noted specifically in England for its ornate dark wood with intricate design and tall spires and high arches)?

2. To whom is the shrine above the west wall of the Marian Chapel dedicated? It is a replica of the shrine at Our Lady of Walsingham in Norfolk, England.

("Who is buried in Grant's tomb?")

3. There are 4 glazed terra cotta productions of the Madonna and other scenes which were all gifts from Father Wilkins. These are replicas of works by Luca della Robbia, a world famous sculptor of the 15th century. How many of these can you find and tell me where they are? (hint: they were framed by garlands of fruits and flowers—most of them—they're also all the same shape and style of ceramic, the first one is near a confessional on the east side)

Bonus Little Kid Question

4. What is the changing of the bread and wine into the body and blood of Christ called?

East side of Church and altar

5. The East stained-glass windows show scenes from the Old Testament: How many of the 5 can you identify? (Best answers identify the characters in all three windows)

Zone 10

West side of Church

1. The stained glass windows on the side walls of our Church are inspired by a design contained in a Cathedral in France that is known as one of the most spectacular in Europe. Many travelers visit this cathedral, many to see the Sancta Camisa, said to be the tunic worn by the Virgin Mary at Christ's birth. Which cathedral is that?

2. The West stained-glass windows show scenes from the New Testament: How many of the 5 can you identify? (best answers identify the characters in all three windows)

3. What scene (the central event connecting the Old and New Testaments) is depicted on the south window above the choir loft? (Mary's picture is reminiscent of the famous Blue Madonna of Chartres).

4. The inspiration for the architecture and many of the artifacts inside the church comes from a Cathedral in France named after the city where Joan of Arc paved the way for the Dauphin to be crowned. Which city is that?

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

5. The laws of the Church are called

(One of the five is that you must go to confession once a year)

Bonus Little Kid Question

6. How many sanctuary lamps does Holy Family have in above the tabernacle?

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

7. Which priest taught the boy Samuel how to listen to God's call?

Zone 11

Altar Area and East side altar

1. The Fra Angelico picture of the Annunciation on the side altar is a reproduction painted by Roy Sansalla, a Holy Family parishioner. The gold lettering that is coming out of the angel's mouth are the words, in Latin, which were addressed to Mary. Mary's reply is directed from her lips to the angel, but they are the mirror image and must be read upside and in reverse, as in the original. What do these words say?

2. The Holy Rood suspended from the arch above the altar was designed by Father Wilkens himself. It presents the Sorrowful Mother and which apostle on either side of the crucified Christ?

Bonus Little Kid Question

3. Who is the statue of on the right side of the Church (up front in the sanctuary behind the Holy Family)?

4. Who is the stained glass picture of behind the altar of?

5. What is usually contained in all altars (here at Holy Family, there probably is one in there but no one I have found yet knows whose it is)?

Extra Credit (tie breakers)

6. How many of the ten Eucharistic symbols on the screens above the choir stalls in the sanctuary can you identify?
